# **English manual of smc01 controller**



#### Disclaimer:

For electronic module products, you need to have a certain electronic foundation and carefully read the product description before use; The product is not designed for medical, life-saving, life support and other purposes, and cannot be used in dangerous places such as coal mine and oil depot. We do not guarantee such responsibilities; The product profit is low, the user's operation ability and use occasions vary greatly, and any electronic equipment cannot be foolproof. The equipment owner shall make corresponding protective measures and risk management plan. The company shall not be liable for compensation for any personal or property loss directly or indirectly caused by the equipment.

#### 1. Product introduction

This is a special operation control module for single shaft stepping motor.

A variety of fixed operation modes are built in the module, and users can quickly select the appropriate motion track. The distance / speed / delay / number of cycles can be saved and set after power down. It can run independently as a module, or it can be used together with other systems.

It can be used in general industrial control occasions, not in special industries such as medical treatment and fire protection or life-threatening fields.

### 2. Product parameters

Model: ZK-SMC01 stepper motor controller

Adaptive motor: stepping motor

Number of control axes: single axis

Motor signal: common cathode

Power supply range: DC 5-30V general

Instruction features: streamline and optimize multiple common

instructions

Acceleration and deceleration control: Yes

Input reverse connection protection: Yes

Remote communication control: TTL serial port

Main functions of the system: automatic, manual, setting and serial port

control

Speed range: 0.1 ~ 999 laps / min

Number of forward rotation pulses: 1-9999999 pulses

Number of reverse pulses: 1-9999999 pulses

Number of cycles: 1-9999

Forward rotation delay time: 0.0-999.9 seconds

Reverse delay time: 0.0-999.9 seconds

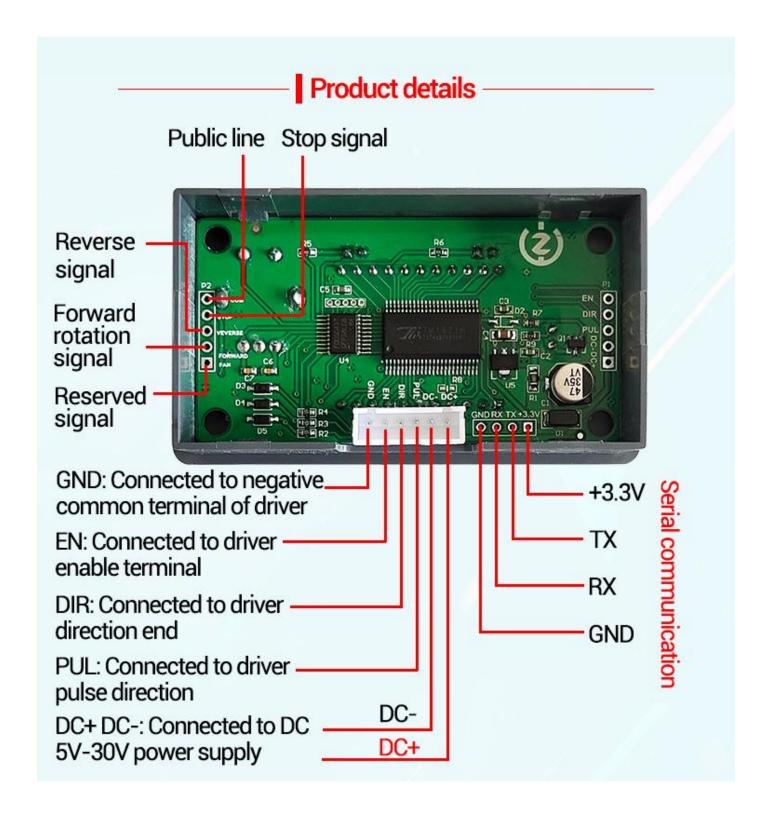
Subdivision selection range: 1-128 subdivision

Product service environment: - 5 °C - 60 °C (no condensation)

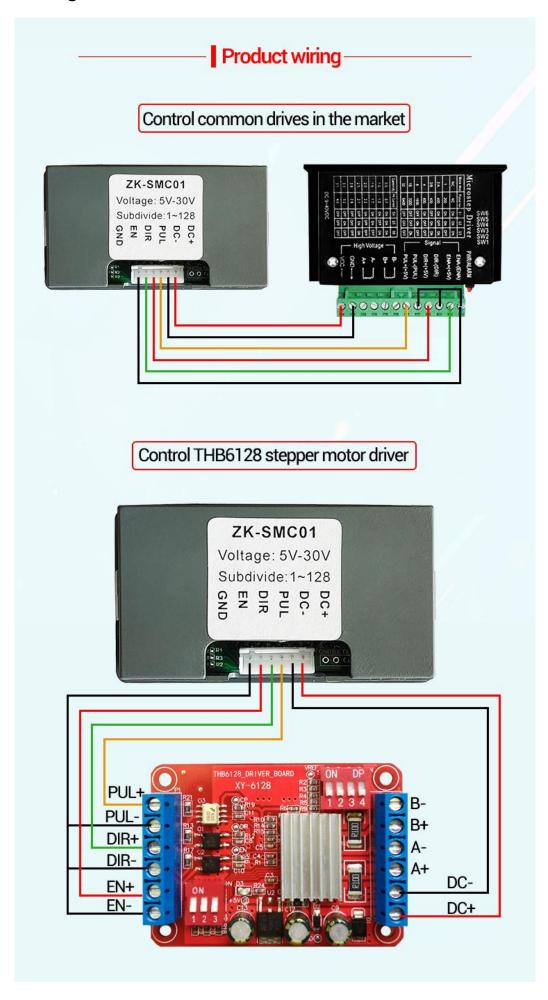
#### 3. Product function



#### 4. Product details



# 5. Product wiring



## 6. Interface function introduction and operation method

The controller is divided into two interfaces: operation + interface+[F] menu setting interface





# RUN INTERFACE

Used to display running information during work



# MENU SETTING INTERFACE

In actual work, the parameters that need to be modified are all concentrated here.

## **Operating instructions**

# Operating instructions



## Run stop exit

In the running interface, the rotary encoder adjusts the speed, CW button-forward rotation, CCW button-reverse rotation, RUN/STOP button-operation stops and exits. Long press the encoder to enter the menu settings.



In the menu setting interface, adjust the rotary encoder to change the parameter codes F-01~F-13.

Long press the encoder, save the parameters and exit, enter the running interface.



## Exit parameter setting

In the menu setting interface, short press the encoder to enter the F-XX corresponding menu parameter setting state, the parameter flashes, short press again to shift, rotate the encoder to adjust the parameters. Short press the RUN/STOP button to exit the parameter setting and return to the main menu number adjustment interface.

# List of all [F] menu setting functions

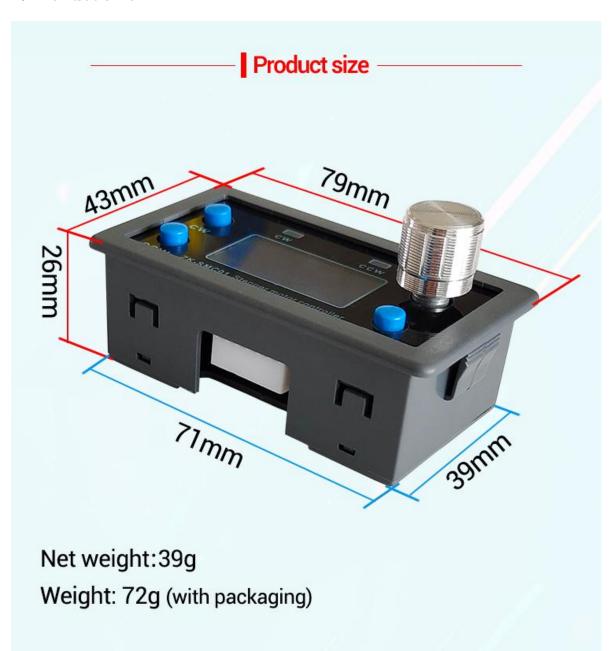
9	Serial number	Function	Adjustable range	Defaults
	F-01 <b>→?</b>	Action flow mode selection(details below the		
		table)	1-9	1
		Number of forward rotation pulses Unit:		
		number(the upper three bits are adjusted by		
		rotary encoder shift, and the upper three bits		
	F-02	display Hxxx, and the lower four bits display xxxx)	1 - 9999999	1600
	F-03	Forward rotation speed Unit: Revolution / minute	0.1-999	10
		Number of reverse pulses Unit: Number(the upper		
		three bits are adjusted by rotary encoder		
		shift, and the upper three bits display Hxxx, and		
	F-04	the lower four bits display xxxx)	1 - 9999999	1600
	F-05	Reversal speed Unit: circle (revolution)/min	0.1-999	10
		Cycle work times (among them=numerous	0-9999 or countless	
	F-06	times) Unit: times	times	1
		Forward rotation in place delay Unit: second		
	F-07	accuracy ± 0.2 second	0.0-999.9	0.0
		Reverse in place delay Unit: second accuracy ± 0.2		
	F-08	second	0.0-999.9	0.0
		Number of pulses per revolution: 1-9999 (X10)		
		Unit: 10 (for example, the step angle is 1.8		
		degrees, the stepping motor drives 8		
	F 00	segments, and one revolution is 360 / 1.8 * 8	1 0000	160
	F-09	= 1600, setting 160, actual 1600)	1-9999	160
		Main interface display content  Up: motor coil speed (unit: RPM)		
		Downlink: delay time (unit: s) /		
		number of cycles (unit: Times)		
		Humber of cycles (unit. fillies)		
		00- Motor coil		
/		speed delay		
		time		
		01- Motor coil		
		speed cycle		
		times		
	F-10		0-1	00
		Action when pressing pause key0 - slow stop of		
		motor deceleration1 - motor stops		
	F-11	immediately (emergency stop has impact)	0-1	0
		Acceleration and deceleration level 1-100, 1		
	F-12	slowest, 100 fastest	1-100	20
	F-13	Postal address	1-255	1

# **[F01: action process mode selection]** list of required action processes

number	Action description
【F01】→P01	The motor works with [knob on controller].
[F01]→P02	It keeps rotating after pressing the button, and stops when it is released. [Press CW ]
[F01] -> F02	Always rotate forward [Press CCW ] Always reverse
[F01]→P03	After pressing the button, keep rotating, Press STOP to stop. [press CW] forward rotation
[F01] 7F03	[press CCW] reverse rotation
	After pressing the button, it can rotate forward or reverse-delay according to the set
【F01】→P04	distance, and it can cycle F-06 times. [Press CW] Forward rotation-Delay (F-07) [Press
	CCW] Reverse rotation-Delay (F-08)
	After pressing the button, it can cycle according to the set distance forward or reverse
【F01】→P05	delay(F-06), Return to zero at the end of the cycle. [press CW] forward rotation delay
[101] 7703	(F-07), Cycle (F-06), return to zero [press CCW] reverse delay (F-08), Cycle (F-06), return to
	zero.
	After pressing the button, cycle forward and reverse according to the set distance.
【F01】→P06	Abbreviations: [press CW] forward delay (F-07) - reverse delay (F-08), [press CCW]
	reverse delay (F-08) - forward delay (F-07), above cycle (F-06)
	After pressing the button, the motor will rotate forward or reverse permanently, release
[F01]→P07	the button, - delay - return to zero. Abbreviations: [press CW] forward rotation - release -
	delay (F-07) - return to zero, [press CCW] reverse rotation - release - delay (F-08) - return
	to zero.
【F01】→P08	After pressing the button, forward or reverse - delay according to the set time.

	Recyclable (F-06). Abbreviations: [press CW] forward rotation time (F-07) - delay (F-08),
	[press CCW] reverse rotation time (F-08) - delay (F-07), the above cycle (F-06).
FE0.13 \ \D00	After power on, it will automatically cycle forward and reverse according to the set
【F01】→P09	distance. Abbreviations: forward delay (F-07) - reverse delay (F-08), cycle (F-06)

# 7. Product size



# SMC01 stepper motor controller communication protocol

V1.0

#### 1. Protocol Introduction

Using TTL serial transmission interface and MODBUS-RTU communication protocol, this product only supports function codes 0x03, 0x06, and 0x10.

#### 2. Introduction to Communication Protocol

#### Information transmission is asynchronous in Modbus-RTU mode

Starting bit	1 bit
Data bits	8bit
Parity bit	not have
Stop bit	1 bit

#### Data frame structure

Data frame	Address code	function code	data area	CRC check
interval				
3.5 bytes or	1 byte	1 byte	N byte	2 byte
more				

Before sending data, it is required that the data bus rest time, i.e. no data transmission time, be greater than 3.5 (e.g. 5ms at a baud rate of 9600). Message transmission must start with a pause interval of at least 3.5 bytes, and the entire message frame must be treated as a continuous data transmission stream. If there is a pause time of more than 3.5 bytes before the frame is completed, The receiving device will refresh incomplete messages and assume that the next byte is the address field of a new message. Similarly, if a new message starts with the previous message within less than 3.5 characters, the receiving device will consider it a continuation of the previous message.

#### 1.1 Address Code

The address code is the first byte (8 bits) of each communication information frame, ranging from 1 to 255 (initially set to 1,0 and also the broadcast address). This byte indicates that the slave set by the user will receive information sent by the host. Each slave must have a unique address code, and only slaves that match the address code can respond to feedback messages. When the slave sends back information, the returned data starts with their respective address codes. The address code sent by the host indicates the slave address to be sent, while the address code returned by the slave indicates the slave address to be returned. The corresponding address code indicates where the information comes from.

#### 1.2 Function Code

The function code is the second byte transmitted in each communication information frame, and the ModBus communication protocol can define function codes ranging from 1 to 127. Sent as a host request, telling the slave what action to take through a function code. As a response from the slave, the function code returned by the slave is the same as the function code sent from the master, and indicates that the slave has responded to the master and performed

relevant operations. This machine only supports function codes 0x03, 0x06, and 0x10.

Function	Definition	Operation (binary)
code		
0x03	Read register	Read data from one or more registers
	data	
0x06	Preset Single	Write a set of binary data into a single
	Register	register
0x10	Write multiple	Write multiple sets of binary data into
	registers	multiple registers

#### 1.3 Register

 $Introduction \ to \ Protocol \ Registers \ (Data \ within \ a \ Single \ Register \ Address \ is \ Double \ Byte \ Data)$ 

Name	Illustrate	Byte	Readi	Register				
Trame		count	ng and	address				
		Count	writi	addioss				
			ng					
System pa	System parameters, written will be stored							
F-01	Action process mode selection	2	R/W	0000Н				
F-02	Number of forward pulses	4	R/W	0001H				
F-03	Forward rotation speed	2	R/W	0003Н				
F-04	Reverse pulse count	4	R/W	0004H				
F-05	Reverse speed	2	R/W	0006Н				
F-06	Number of working cycles	2	R/W	0007Н				
F-07	Forward to position delay	2	R/W	0008H				
F-08	Reverse in place delay	2	R/W	0009Н				
F-09	Number of pulses per revolution	2	R/W	000AH				
F-10	Main interface display content	2	R/W	000BH				
F-11	Action when pressing the pause button	2	R/W	000СН				
F-12	Acceleration and deceleration levels	2	R/W	000DH				
F-13	Module address 1-255	2	R/W	000EH				
СОМ	Control command 0 using serial port	2	R/W	000FH				
	instead of 1 using serial port control							
Read info	ormation and run information							
	Current motor operating status: 00- stop	2	R	0010H				
	01- acceleration status 02- deceleration							
	status 03- constant speed status							
	Current motor rotation direction: 00-	2	R	0011H				
	forward rotation 01- reverse rotation							
Serial Po	ort Control Run Command (Set COM (000	)F) addres	s to 1 s	erial port				
control i	mode before serial port control							
Serial	Serial port control operation mode	2	R/W	0100Н				
Port	00- forward rotation 01- reverse							
Control	rotation 02- slow stop 03-							
Run	immediate stop 0xFF - default state							
Command	after execution							

Serial port control for running,	2	R/W	0101H
00- no permanent rotation 01-			
enable permanent rotation default			
0			
The distance of the serial port	2	R/W	0102Н
control operation is 16 bits higher			
than the pulse count (which works			
under permanent rotation), with a			
default of 10000 bits			
The distance of the serial port	2	R/W	0103Н
control operation is 16 bits lower			
than the pulse count (which works			
under permanent rotation), with a			
default of 10000 bits			
The acceleration and deceleration	2	R/W	0104Н
levels controlled by serial port			
are 1-100, with a default of 20			
The default running speed for	2	R/W	0105Н
serial port control is 100			
	One no permanent rotation olenable permanent rotation default one of the serial port control operation is 16 bits higher than the pulse count (which works under permanent rotation), with a default of 10000 bits.  The distance of the serial port control operation is 16 bits lower than the pulse count (which works under permanent rotation), with a default of 10000 bits.  The acceleration and deceleration levels controlled by serial port are 1-100, with a default of 20.  The default running speed for	00- no permanent rotation 01- enable permanent rotation default 0  The distance of the serial port control operation is 16 bits higher than the pulse count (which works under permanent rotation), with a default of 10000 bits  The distance of the serial port control operation is 16 bits lower than the pulse count (which works under permanent rotation), with a default of 10000 bits  The acceleration and deceleration levels controlled by serial port are 1-100, with a default of 20  The default running speed for  2	00- no permanent rotation 01- enable permanent rotation default 0  The distance of the serial port control operation is 16 bits higher than the pulse count (which works under permanent rotation), with a default of 10000 bits  The distance of the serial port control operation is 16 bits lower than the pulse count (which works under permanent rotation), with a default of 10000 bits  The acceleration and deceleration levels controlled by serial port are 1-100, with a default of 20  The default running speed for  2  R/W

# Example 1: Reading System Parameters (F-01 to F-02) Using the $[03\ (0x03)\ Read\ Holding\ Register]$ instruction

#### Host sending:

01	03	00 00	00 02	C4 0B
Slave	Function	Starting address	Number of	CRC Check
address	code	The regulation is 2 bytes	Registers	Code
	(Read			
	Register)			

#### The controller responds:

01	03	04	00 01 06 40	A9 A3
Slave	Function	Number of	Register value	CRC Check
address	code	Registers x2	Quantity=Number of	Code
	(Read		registers x2	
	Register)			

#### Example 2: Serial port controller operation

1) Set the controller to serial port control mode

#### Host sending:

01	06	00 0D	00 01	D9 C9
Slave	Function	Starting address	Write value	CRC Check
address	code	The regulation is 2 bytes	Quantity: 2	Code
			bytes	

#### The controller responds:

01	06	00 OD	00 01	D9 C9
Slave	Function	Starting	Write value	CRC Check
address	code	address	Quantity: 2 bytes	Code
		The regulation		
		is 2 bytes		

2) Modifying parameters for serial port control operation

#### Host sending:

01	10	01 02	00 02	04	00 00 4E 20	4B 9E
Slave	Function	Starting	Number of	Byte	Write value	CRC
address	code	address	registers	count	Quantity:=Bytes	Check
		The regulation				Code
		is 2 bytes				

The controller responds:

01	10	01 02	00 02	E1 F4
Slave	Function	Starting	Number of registers	CRC Check
address	code	address		Code
		The regulation		
		is 2 bytes		

3) Serial port control forward conversion

#### Host sending:

01	06	01 00	00 00	88 36
Slave	Function	Starting address	Write value	CRC Check
address	code	The regulation is 2 bytes	Quantity:=Bytes	Code

The controller responds:

01	06	01 00	00 00	88 36
Slave	Function	Starting	Write value	CRC Check
address	code	address	Quantity:=Bytes	Code
		The regulation		
		is 2 bytes		

Serial port control operation command (set 000F to 1 serial port control					
mode before serial port control)					
Serial	Control method 0 Manual control 1	2	R/W	000FH	
Port	Remote control from upper computer				
Control	Serial port reading operation	2	R/W	0100Н	
Run	status 00- forward rotation 01-				
Command	reverse rotation 03- stop				
	immediately				
	The number of pulses for serial	2	R/W	0101H	
	port control operation is 16 bits				
	high, with a default of 10000 bits				
	The default number of pulses for	2	R/W	0102Н	
	serial port control operation is				
	10000 if the low 16 bits are used				

The acceleration and deceleration	2	R/W	0103Н
levels controlled by serial port			
are 1-100, with a default of 20			
The default running speed for	2	R/W	0104H
serial port control is 100			

- 1. Set the remote control mode of the upper computer (default address 01) 01 06 00 0F 00 01 48 0A  $\,$
- 2. Set forward, reverse, and stop

01 10 01 01 00 00 00 27 10 01 64 CRCH CRCL